

## Examples of trees appropriate for street tree and urban landscaping in the City of Miami



### Colville's Glory *Colvillea racemosa*

- 40' - 50'
- Large Flowering Tree (red)
- Moderate growth rate
- Blooms in the fall (November).
- Clusters of vivid scarlet and orange flowers. Like a late season flamboyant.



### Copperpod *Peltophorum pterocarpum*

- 40' - 50'
- Large Flowering Tree (yellow)
- Fast-growing evergreen tree. Produces fragrant, showy yellow flowers in the spring and summer. Seedpods turn to an attractive wine-brown color. Subject to wind damage.
- Needs space to develop adequate root system to reduce the likelihood of toppling.

[www.miamidade.gov/derm/adoptatree/tree\\_copperpod.asp](http://www.miamidade.gov/derm/adoptatree/tree_copperpod.asp)



### Crape Myrtle *Lagerstromieia indica*

- 15' - 20'
- Small Flowering Tree (lavender or white)
- Moderate growth rate
- Blooms in summer (May-September)
- Can be planted adjacent to power lines.



### Desert Senna *Senna polyphylla*

- 10' - 15'
- Small flowering tree (yellow)
- Slow growing evergreen tree with a spreading, cascading crown with tiny leaves.
- Produces yellow flowers throughout Fall to Spring. Larval plant for Sulfur butterfly.
- Can be planted under power lines.



### Geiger Tree *Cordia sebestena*

- 20' - 25'
- Medium sized flowering tree (orange)
- A moderate-growing with a dense rounded evergreen canopy.
- Flowers appear throughout the year with small edible white pear-shaped fruit
- Native
- Salt and Wind Tolerant

[www.miamidade.gov/derm/adoptatree/tree\\_orange\\_geiger.asp](http://www.miamidade.gov/derm/adoptatree/tree_orange_geiger.asp)



### Green Buttonwood *Conocarpus erectus*

- 30' - 50' Large evergreen tree
- Native
- Moderate growth rate
- Salt and Wind Tolerant



### Gumbo limbo *Bursera simaruba*

- Small Flowering Tree (lavender or white)
- 40' - 50' Large native evergreen
- Fast growing
- Wind Tolerant
- Does not have showy flowers, but it is affectionately called the Tourist tree because the trunk of its shiny red and peeling bark.



### Jacaranda *Jacaranda mimosifolia*

- 40' - 50'
- Large Flowering tree (lavender)
- Fast growing
- Blooms fall to winter, if cool enough
- Needs space to develop adequate root system to reduce the likelihood of toppling



### Jamaica Rain *Brya ebenus*

- 15' -30' Small flowering tree (yellow)
- Slow growth
- Blooms spring, summer and in times of high humidity. Tolerates heat and salt but may drop leaves when dry



### Lancepod *Lonchocarpus violaceus*

- 30' - 35'
- Medium sized flowering tree (purple)
- Evergreen with a fast-growing, dense canopy.
- Produces fragrant, lavender, showy flowers during the late summer/fall.
- Produces long, slender, seed pods.
- Plant at least 30 feet from power lines and 16-22 feet from your house. Full sun

[www.miamidade.gov/derm/adoptatree/tree\\_lancepod.asp](http://www.miamidade.gov/derm/adoptatree/tree_lancepod.asp)



### Lignum Vitae *Guaiacum sanctum*

- 10' - 30'
- Small Native Flowering tree (purple)
- Blooms several times per year.
- Slow-growing but long-lived, it is adaptable to dry rocky areas in full sun to light shade
- Can be planted adjacent to Power Lines
- Rare, expensive, but worth it in small spaces.



### Live Oak *Quercus virginiana*

- 40' - 50'
- Large native evergreen tree
- Moderate growth rate
- Wind tolerant, good street tree.
- Excellent shade tree.



### Mexican Cassia *Caesalpinia mexicana*

- 20' - 25'
- Small Flowering tree (yellow)
- Moderate growth rate
- Blooms from late fall into the new year.
- Can be planted adjacent to power lines



### Pigeon Plum *Coccoloba diversifolia*

- 25' - 30'
- Small native evergreen tree.
- Moderate-growing with a dense, columnar canopy producing small white flowers in the spring. Attractive bark. Native. Fruits ripen in late summer/fall and attract birds.
- Female plant bears fruit; weevils if near sea grape



### Queen's Crepe Myrtle *Lagerstroemia speciosa*

- 30' - 45'
- Large flowering tree (purple)
- Moderate-growing with leaves that turn red before falling in the winter. It has large showy pink or purplish flowers during the summer.
- Drops leaves when during cold spells.

[www.miamidade.gov/derm/adoptatree/tree\\_crape\\_myrtle.asp](http://www.miamidade.gov/derm/adoptatree/tree_crape_myrtle.asp)



### Red Bay *Persea borbonia*

- 50' - 60'
- Large native evergreen tree
- Moderate growing.
- Thrives in wet areas
- Wind tolerant.



### Red Maple *Acer rubrum*

- 30' - 45'
- Large native tree.
- Leaves turn red in winter months.
- growing.
- Thrives in wet areas.
- Not recommended for planting in the southern extremity of the County.



### Silver Buttonwood *Conocarpus erectus*

- 10' - 25'
- Small native evergreen tree.
- Moderate growing.
- Salt Tolerant.
- Can be planted adjacent to power lines.



### Spanish Stopper *Eugenia foetida*

- 15' - 20'
- Small native evergreen tree.
- Moderate columnar growth; small leaves in tight formation; wildly fragrant flowers; good salt-tolerance.
- Can be planted adjacent to power lines



### Vera wood *Bulnesia arborea*

- 20' - 30'
- Large flowering tree (yellow)
- Tall, slow growing with bright yellow flowers and shiny deep-green compound leaves.
- This tree is adapted to dry conditions and has very hard wood and flowers throughout the year.
- space to develop adequate root system to reduce the likelihood of toppling

[www.miamidade.gov/derm/adoptatree/tree\\_vera\\_wood.asp](http://www.miamidade.gov/derm/adoptatree/tree_vera_wood.asp)



### Ylang-ylang (dwarf) *Canaga odorata var. fruticosa*

- 10' - 15'
- Small flowering shade tree (white - green)
- Slow growing.
- This plant is attractive to bees, butterflies and/or birds.
- Flowers are fragrant.
- Average Water Needs; Water regularly.
- Suitable for growing in containers